

Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board Clean Water Act §319(h) Nonpoint Source Grant Program FY 2011 Workplan 11-04

	SUMMARY PAGE					
Title of Project	Development of the Upper Llano River Watershed Protection Plan					
Project Goals	Implement EPA's Healthy Watersheds Initiative by developing a nine element Watershed					
,	Protection Plan (WPP) for the Upper Llano River watershed through 1) empowering local					
	stakeholders, 2) characterizing current water quality conditions, 3) analyzing watershed					
	data using models, and 4) increasing education among the targeted audience.					
Project Tasks	(1) Project Administration; (2) Quality Assurance; (3) Public Participation and					
, and the second	Stakeholder Coordination; (4) GIS Inventory and Land Use/Land Cover Analysis; (5)					
	Water Quality Monitoring; (6) Modeling and Data Analysis; (7) Watershed Protection					
	Plan Development; (8) Public Outreach and Education					
Measures of Success	Coordination and engagement of watershed stakeholders					
	Completed GIS and LULC update of the watershed					
	Collection and analysis of quality assured data for watershed assessment					
	Completed modeling of the watershed					
	Stakeholder approved nine element WPP					
	Effective delivery of educational programs					
Project Type	Implementation (); Education (X); Planning (X); Assessment (X); Groundwater (X)					
Status of Waterbody on	Segment ID Parameter Category					
2008 Texas Water Quality	1415_05 North Llano River N/A 1					
Inventory and 303(d) List	1415_06 South Llano River N/A 1					
Project Location	Upper Llano River watershed in Edwards, Kerr, Kimble, Menard, Real, and Sutton					
(Statewide or Watershed	Counties					
and County)						
Key Project Activities	Hire Staff (X); Surface Water Quality Monitoring (X); Technical Assistance ();					
	Education (X); Implementation (); BMP Effectiveness Monitoring ();					
	Demonstration (); Planning (X); Modeling (X); Bacterial Source Tracking (); Other ()					
Texas NPS Management	Element One					
Program Elements	• LTG Objectives 2, 5, 6, & 7					
	• STGs 1B, 1C, 3A, 3B, & 3D					
	Elements Two & Five					
Project Costs	Federal \$666,167 Non-Federal \$447,239 Total \$1,113,406					
Project Management	Texas Water Resources Institute					
	Texas Tech University					
Project Period	September 1, 2011 – June 30, 2016					

Part I – Applicant Information

Applicant	Applicant								
Project Lead		Kevin Wagner	Kevin Wagner						
Title		Associate Director							
Organization		Texas Water Resou	Texas Water Resources Institute						
E-mail Address	S	klwagner@ag.tamu	.edu						
Street Address		2260 TAMU							
City Col	lege S	tation	County	Brazos		State	TX	Zip Code	77843-2260
Telephone Number 979.845. 2649				Fax	Number	979.845.	8554		

Co-Applicant	t								
Project Lead		Tom Arsuffi							
Title		Director, Llano I	River Field	Station, T	TU-	Junction			
		University Colle	ge						
Organization		Texas Tech Univ	Texas Tech University						
E-mail Addres	SS	tom.arsuffi@ttu.	<u>edu</u>						
Street Address	S	PO Box 186, 254	Red Raid	ler Lane					
City Ju	unction	County Kimble State TX Zip Code 76849			76849				
Telephone Number 325.446.2301			Fax	Number	325.446.	4011			

Co-Applicant	
Project Lead	Bob Lyons
Title	Professor and Extension Range Specialist
Organization	Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service
E-mail Address	rlyons@ag.tamu.edu
Street Address	1619 Garner Field Road
City Uvalde	County Uvalde State TX Zip Code 78801
Telephone Number	830.278.9151 Fax Number 830.278.4008

Co-Applicant Co-Applicant						
Project Lead	Walter Curry					
Title	President					
Organization	South Llano Watershed Alliance					
E-mail Address	waltercurry@yahoo.com					
Street Address	PO Box 725					
City Junction	County Kimble State TX Zip Code 76849					
Telephone Number	325.248.3137 Fax Number 979.845.0456					

Co-Applicar	nt								
Project Lead		Ken Rainwater	Ken Rainwater						
Title		Director	Director						
Organization	1	Texas Tech Univ	Texas Tech University Water Resources Center						
E-mail Addre	ess	ken.rainwater@t	tu.edu						
Street Addre	SS	203 Civil Engine	ering						
City	Lubbock		County	Lubbock		State	TX	Zip Code	79409-1023
Telephone Number 806.742.3490			Fax	x Number	806.742.	3449			

Project Partners	
Names	Roles & Responsibilities
Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board (TSSWCB)	Provide state oversight and management of all project activities and ensure coordination of activities with related projects and TCEQ
Texas Water Resources Institute (TWRI)	Provide project coordination and administration, QAPP development, project reporting, assistance for stakeholder relations, and support for the development of the WPP
Texas Tech University – Llano River Field Station (TTU-LRFS)	Targeted monitoring, watershed coordination, K-12 and landowner educational materials development and invasive species demonstration projects
Texas Tech University – Water Resources Center (TTU-WRC)	Conduct watershed modeling
Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service – Department of Ecosystem Sciences & Management (ESSM)	Provide outreach and education (Task 7.1)
South Llano Watershed Alliance (SLWA)	Collaborate as critical local stakeholders and play a lead role in communicating with other local stakeholders
Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service – Department of Soil and Crop Sciences (SCSC)	Deliver Texas Watershed Steward Program workshop (Subtask 3.5) through TSSWCB project 11-05
Texas A&M University – Spatial Sciences Laboratory (TAMU-SSL)	Develop GIS inventory and classify land use (Task 4)

Part II - Project Information

Project Type										
Surface Water	X	Grou	ndwater	X						
Does the project in	mplemei	nt reco	mmendation	ns made	in (a) a completed WPP, (b) an adopte	ed				
TMDL, (c) an app	roved I-	Plan, o	or (d) a Com	prehens	sive Conservation and Management Pla	an	Yes		No	X
developed under C	CWA §3	20?		_						
If yes, identify the	If yes, identify the document. N/A									
If yes, identify the agency/group that						Year		NI/	΄Λ	
developed and/or approved the document. N/A N/A Developed N/A						A				

Watershed Information				
Watershed Name(s)	Hydrologic Unit Code (8 Digit)	Segment ID	305(b) Category	Size (Acres)
North Llano River	12090202	1415_05	1	605,622
South Llano River	12090203	1415_06	1	604,228

Water Quality Impairment

Describe all known causes (pollutants of concern) of water quality impairments or concerns from any of the following sources: 2008 Texas Water Quality Inventory and 303(d) List, draft 2010 Texas Integrated Report, Clean Rivers Program Basin Summary/Highlights Reports or other documented sources.

The Llano River is a large tributary of the Colorado River, flowing into Lake LBJ. In fact, this clear spring-fed perennial river dilutes dissolved solids and suspended sediment in the Colorado (2010 LCRA Basin Highlights Report), thus improving the water quality in Lake LBJ and other Highland Lakes. The Lake LBJ watershed, and other Highland Lakes for that matter, has experienced growth in recent years. Pressure from this growing population will require rigorous stewardship of the resource to ensure its sustainability (2009 LCRA Basin Highlights Report).

The beneficial uses of the Llano River include general use, aquatic life use, and contact recreation use. According to the 2009 LCRA Basin Highlights Report, routine biological assessments in the South Llano show that fish, insect, and 24-hour DO are rated Exceptional and habitat is rated as High. Similar conditions were observed on the main stem of the Llano further downstream at Mason. The contact recreation use was rated as impaired on the Llano River on the 1996 303 (d) List. However, it was subsequently delisted and has remained unimpaired since then. In fact, the 2008 Texas Water Quality Inventory continues to show that the Llano River is fully supporting its uses and no concerns have been identified. According to the May 3, 2010 Llano River Data Report prepared by Texas State University, River Systems Institute and Texas Stream Team, data collected by volunteer water quality monitors between 1996 and 2010 showed 4 exceedences of the temperature standard (of 496 measurements), 1 exceedence of the pH standard (of 487 measurements), no dissolved oxygen standard exceedences (of 491 measurements), 1 exceedence of the conductivity standard (of 429 measurements), 96% of 302 total nitrogen measurements were less than 1 mg/L, and for 222 observations of *E. coli* levels made since 1996, the geometric mean was 40.2 cfu/100 mL and only 8 exceeded the single sample maximum.

Project Narrative

Problem/Need Statement

The South Llano River is a true gem of the Texas Hill Country. Its spring-fed flows are legendary. The South Llano River is important in that during periods of low rainfall and minimal surface runoff, spring flow from the underlying aquifers is paramount in maintaining surface flows. The river and springs that feed it support several unique plant and animal communities, and provide constant critical flows downstream to the Llano and Colorado Rivers and Lake LBJ, especially during times of drought. Stream flow data collected by USGS during the summer of 2006 showed that flow of the spring-fed Llano River accounted for roughly 75% of the water flowing into the Highland Lakes, which support Austin and other downstream Colorado River users. Limited data is available on the water quality, quantity, hydrological or biotic conditions of the North Llano River. Although located in a similar geomorphological and climatological region, it differs from the South Llano River in that much of its flows are derived from surface runoff. Because of these various factors, data collection and analysis of the North and South Llano River Watershed is warranted.

Due to the pristine nature and relatively constant flow of the springs, the South Llano River is currently a healthy ecosystem supporting a variety of aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems, as well as numerous recreational opportunities. It is the only major watershed containing a genetically pure population of Guadalupe Bass, the Texas State Fish. The South Llano River is recognized by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department as an Ecologically Significant Stream having high water quality, exceptional aquatic life, high aesthetic value, and diverse benthic macroinvertebrate and fish communities (Bayer et al., 1992; Linam et al., 1999). Further, during the early to mid-1980s, the South Llano River was designated by TCEQ as a least disturbed ecoregion reference stream for Ecoregion 30. As such, the South Llano River represents a benchmark for which other streams are assessed throughout the ecoregion for water quality standards development and use attainment decisions. The TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Program (SWQM) is currently conducting a project to further develop and refine the methods and techniques to evaluate the condition of aquatic communities in streams throughout Texas based on these least disturbed streams. TCEQ will be revisiting the South Llano River as part of this effort. Significant and relevant findings from this TCEQ study will be incorporated into the WPP as appropriate.

According to "Land of the Living Waters: A Characterization of the South Llano River, Its Springs, and Its Watershed" prepared by the Environmental Defense Fund, the primary threat to the South Llano River is loss of spring flow. Over the past century, one third of the major spring systems of Texas have ceased flowing largely due to aquifer withdrawals. However, subtle changes due to land fragmentation, loss of riparian habitat, and encroachment of juniper species on upland habitats also have the potential to decrease the water quality and quantity of the river.

Additionally, there is potential for increased biological pollution and reduction in flows should what are now isolated pockets of invasive plants continue to spread. These plants, giant reed (*Arundo donax*) and elephant ears (*Colocasia esculenta*) are emergent hydrophytes and use vast quantities of water relative to native riparian communities. According to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), more than one third of all the States have waters that are listed for invasive species under §303(d) of the Clean Water Act (CWA). Physical and biological disruptions of aquatic systems caused by invasive species alter water quantity and water quality. Invasive species have a variety of negative impacts on water resources affecting recreation, irrigation, municipal, and agricultural water supply. These invasive species affect the quantity and timing of runoff, erosion, sedimentation, and other natural physical processes and may affect water availability in general. Comprehensive analyses and evaluations of these processes will provide critical evaluation tools to managers and policy makers on how best to factor invasive species into water management plans. It is far less expensive to address invasive species issues proactively than reactively. To proactively address incipient invasive species issues in the Upper Llano River Watershed, guidance from EPA's Office of Wetlands, Oceans and Watersheds (OWOW) Invasive Species Action Plan to improve effectiveness at countering invasive species that adversely impact the nation's aquatic systems will be used, in particular, monitoring, education and outreach and rapid response elements.

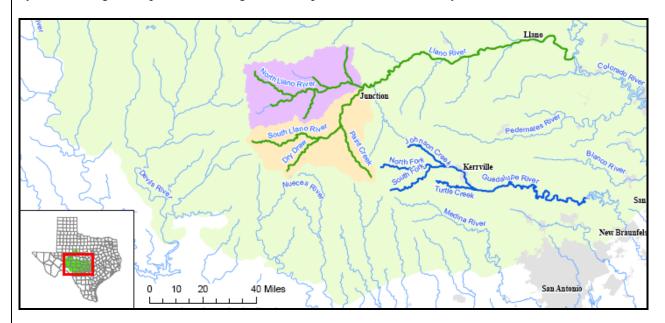
The protection and preservation of the Upper Llano River and its springs is an environmental, economic, and cultural concern. This was recognized by the local community, and in 2009 the South Llano Watershed Alliance (SLWA) was organized as a 501(c)(3) non-governmental organization. The SLWA is an organization of landowners and interested stakeholders whose mission is to preserve and enhance the South Llano River and adjoining watersheds by encouraging land and water stewardship through collaboration, education, and community participation (http://southllano.org/). This group is thought to be the only proactively formed stakeholder group in Texas organized to ensure flows and water quality are maintained for future generations. The group also provides a forum for natural resource management education, discussion, and coordination of efforts to address other identified land and water management issues that may impact the long-term viability of the resource.

Working with SLWA and other local and regional stakeholders, a WPP will be developed to protect and maintain the ecological integrity of this important waterbody from threats arising from land fragmentation, noxious woody vegetation, aquatic invasive species, groundwater availability, and the potential for groundwater exports and aquifer contamination. To the extent possible, the EPA Healthy Watersheds Initiative concepts, assessments, and management approaches outlined in the technical guidance document "Identifying and Protecting Healthy Watersheds" (EPA 2011) will be used to help guide the assessment and planning process.

Project Narrative

General Project Description (Include Project Location Map)

This project will assist the SLWA with proactive, holistic aquatic ecosystem conservation and protection through the development and future implementation of a WPP for the Upper Llano River watershed (Figure 1) consistent with the EPA Healthy Watersheds Initiative [Identifying and Protecting Healthy Watersheds (EPA 2011)], the EPA OWOW Invasive Species Action Plan, and satisfies the expectations of the nine elements fundamental to watershed-based plans as described in EPA's 2004 Nonpoint Source Program and Grants Guidelines for States and Territories [68 Fed. Reg. 60653-60674 (October 23, 2003)]. This plan will include information and results from all project tasks and be based on decisions made by the SLWA as a means to manage their watershed resources in the best manner that they see fit while achieving watershed goals. The WPP will also identify brush type, density, and canopy cover; geology and soils data; water needs and potential needs; hydrologic characterization; potential water yield from BMP implementation; invasive hydrophyte control and impacts, watershed education components (including programs for K-12 and adult education), wildlife concerns and compatibility to the project; economics of BMPs; landowner interest/cooperation; types of treatment measures needed/recommended; and implementation schedule. Following the Healthy Watersheds Initiative concepts, assessments, and management approaches outlined in the EPA "Identifying and Protecting Healthy Watersheds" released in March 2011, both watershed assessment and development of a strategic, systems approach to the management of the watershed will be conducted. Using the Healthy Watersheds Framework, the project will address the complexity of the watershed ecosystem through an integrated assessment of the landscape condition, biotic condition, chemical/physical parameters, and critical watershed functional attributes. Only through understanding these dynamic linkages can proactive management and protection of this healthy watershed be achieved.



Through collaboration of local governments, the SLWA, and others, this project will conserve the healthy components of the watershed; therefore, avoiding water quality impairments in the future. Public participation and stakeholder involvement will be carried out primarily through the SLWA. The Director of the TTU-LRFS, who also serves as a Director on the SLWA Board, will serve as the Watershed Coordinator. The diverse group of landowners, public officials, special interest groups and agencies participating on the SLWA will be asked to provide guidance for the direction of the project and development of the WPP. Input from stakeholders is critical to the success of all watershed planning and implementation efforts and will be sought throughout this project to provide information and assist in identifying BMPs for future implementation. Routine stakeholder meetings will be held to provide information about the project objectives, data analysis results, GIS inventory updates and the results of the project. Project information

will be presented through other avenues as well (LCRA CRP meetings, Regional Water Planning meetings, Special Interest Meetings, project website, etc.). The Watershed Coordinator will be assisted throughout this effort by Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service, TSSWCB, SLWA, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) and TWRI.

To assist with the planning process, a comprehensive GIS inventory of the watershed will be developed by the SSL that illustrates waterbodies, roadways, land use/land cover, soils, geology, and points of concern. These data will be provided to TTU-WRC for inclusion in the model analysis. Targeted monitoring and analysis of historic data will be employed, led by TTU-LRFS to assess ecological conditions, invasive species populations, bank erosion, and other indicators of watershed condition. Additionally, TTU-WRC will develop a watershed model using available historic data. The complex hydrologic conditions in the South Llano River reflect the contribution of dozens of springs in the Edwards-Trinity (Plateau) karstic aquifer, wide variations in rainfall intensity and distribution, and changes in vegetation and land use (Broad, 2008). Limited streamflow, precipitation, and groundwater level data are available to quantify these interactions, and such data are needed to precisely calibrate numerical hydrologic models to simulate the watershed's behavior. Of particular interest are hydrologic models that can simulate changes in streamflow and groundwater recharge caused by land use and vegetation manipulation, such as removal of invasive vegetation. Ashe juniper is of concern for its ability to intercept precipitation and reduce recharge and runoff. TTU-WRC will review available data and recommend additional monitoring instrumentation and data collection. TTU-WRC will use existing hydrologic data, as well as land use and vegetation distributions, to prepare preliminary models of important subwatersheds within the Upper Llano basin. Existing models such as SWAT and EDYS will be considered for application. Modeling results will be used to inform stakeholders about the physical behavior of their watershed resulting from various implementation scenarios.

Finally, extensive education and outreach will be provided. One outreach objective of this project is to organize a Texas Water Symposium topic and panel devoted to WPPs and their role in maintaining Healthy Watersheds. The Symposium: http://www.schreiner.edu/water/index.htm is a unique and innovative approach to educating the public about water in Texas. The Symposium series provides perspectives from key stakeholders and illustrates the complexity and challenges in providing water for Texans in this century. The Symposium venue alternates among cities in the Hill Country and San Antonio and Texas Public Radio records and archives each program for subsequent broadcast over KSTX (San Antonio) and KTXI (Ingram). The Symposium is working with Texas Public Radio to expand to Austin and Lubbock markets http://issuu.com/schreineru/docs/schreiner_university_scene_spring_2009. Workshops and programs for children (K-12) will also be offered at TTU-LRFS addressing topics ranging from water resources education to land stewardship. Land stewardship programs will include such topics as grazing management, riparian protection, invasive species management, brush control, wildlife management, and other natural resource management topics. An ecologically literate public with knowledge and sense of a water and land ethic will be needed to make informed decisions on a variety of issues as resources become limited. Water resources education is needed at many levels to shed light on overall changing conditions of water scarcity, use, and competition and to inform discussions about potential changes in water-resource policies in relation to economic growth and quality of life. The majority of tomorrow's decision-makers and potential leaders in Texas are today's urban youths, with increasing minority composition, who have little real contact with natural resources and agriculture and little understanding of why soil and water need to be conserved. They also are future voters who can dramatically affect agricultural and environmental legislation in the next decade. Through watershed education and programs at TTU-LRFS, students, their teachers, parents and land managers will be introduced to ecology, nature, watersheds, and land stewardship. TTU-LRFS Outdoor School is a twice recognized Texas High School Project Exemplar Program: it is a STEM TEKS transdisciplinary, inquiry-based, innovative curriculum (12 content areas) that incorporates multiple best learning practices to improve instruction for at-risk students and provide training for teachers. The teachers and students receiving the watershed curriculum developed in this project will be able to learn how to teach science based on TEKS. They will also be able to observe educational theory and best pedagogical practices implemented in an outdoor classroom setting with diverse student learners, learn critical STEM content and use of scientific equipment, and learn scientific method and hypothesis testing best practices. The Outdoor School incorporates GLOBE (Global Learning and Observations to Benefit the Environment - http://classic.globe.gov/) training and protocols into the STEM curricular units, which is a federal K-12 environmental education program instituted by NASA, NOAA, and NSF.

Tasks, Object	ctives and Schedule	s						
Task 1	Project Administra	ation						
Costs		\$46,167	Non-Federal	\$34,489	Total	\$80,656		
Objective	To effectively adn technical and final	ncial supervision	ate and monitor all	l work performed of status reports.		ect including		
Subtask 1.1	shall document all April, July and Oc website.	TWRI will prepare electronic quarterly progress reports (QPRs) for submission to the TSSWCB. QPRs shall document all activities performed within a quarter and shall be submitted by the 15 th of January, April, July and October. QPRs shall be distributed to all project partners and posted on the project						
	Start Date		Month 1	Completion 1		Month 58		
Subtask 1.2	TWRI will perform Forms to TSSWC		rly.					
	Start Date		Month 1	Completion 1		Month 58		
Subtask 1.3	TWRI will host co discuss project act TWRI will develo distribute to project	ivities, project s p lists of action	chedule, commun items needed follo	ication needs, deli owing each project	verables, and of coordination m	her requirements. neeting and		
	Start Date		Month 1	Completion 1		Month 58		
Subtask 1.4	WPP incorporating tasks.	1 3 1			g, modeling, and	LWA to prepare the d data analysis Month 58		
Subtask 1.5		ue to host and r						
Suotask 1.5	SLWA will continue to host and maintain a website (http://southllano.org/) to serve as a public clearinghouse for all project- and watershed-related information. All presentations, documents and results will be posted to this website. The website will serve as a means to disseminate information to stakeholders and the general public. TWRI and TTU-LRFS shall contribute content matter for the website as appropriate. Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 58							
Subtask 1.6	The Director of TTU-LRFS will serve as the Upper Llano River Watershed Coordinator and be responsible for the general oversight and coordination of all project activities, reporting requirements, and educational activities, and serve as the primary conduit for interaction with landowners, citizens, and entities to facilitate the development of the WPP. The Watershed Coordinator shall successfully complete (or have already completed) the Texas Watershed Planning Short Course and participate in Texas Watershed Coordinator Roundtables. Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 58							
Deliverables	Reimburseme	ent Forms and non Items from Pr	electronic format ecessary documen roject Coordinatio	tation in hard copy n meetings	y format			

Tasks, Objec	tives and Schedu	les						
Task 2	Quality Assurance							
Costs	Federal \$9,000 Non-Federal \$6,000 Total \$15,000							
Objective	•			ity assurance/cont through this projec		ivities to ensure		
Subtask 2.1	data of known and acceptable quality are generated through this project. TWRI will develop a QAPP for water quality monitoring activities in Tasks 4 and 5 and a QAPP for watershed modeling activities in Task 6 consistent with the most recent versions of <i>EPA Requirements</i> for Quality Assurance project Plans (QA/R-5) and the TSSWCB Environmental Data Quality Management Plan. Consistency with Title 30, Chapter 25 of the Texas Administrative Code, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification, which describes Texas' approach to implementing the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference standards, shall be required. All monitoring procedures and methods prescribed in the QAPP shall be consistent with the guidelines							
	Monitoring Meth	hods for Water, Se	ediment, and Tissu	ring Procedures, Ve (RG-415) and Ve	•			
	Start Date	Piological Assembl	<u>age ana Habitat I</u> Month 1	Completion I	Date	Month 3		
Subtask 2.2		ement the approve		will submit revision				
	Start Date	e	Month 3	Completion I	Date	Month 58		
Deliverables	QAPP for T	asks 4 and 5 appro	oved by TSSWCB	in both electronic	and hard copy for	ormats		
	QAPP for Table 1.	ask 6 approved by	TSSWCB in both	n electronic and ha	ard copy formats			
	Approved re	evisions and amen	dments to these Q	APPs, as needed				
	Data of know	wn and acceptable	quality as reporte	d through Tasks 4	, 5, and 6			

Tasks, Objec	tives and Schedules
Task 3	Public Participation and Stakeholder Coordination
Costs	Federal \$40,000 Non-Federal \$24,000 Total \$64,000
Objective	To coordinate and facilitate public involvement in a local watershed stakeholder group that will provide
C1-41-2-1	local input into the decision making process for the Upper Llano River watershed.
Subtask 3.1	TTU-LRFS, with input from TWRI, SWLA, and Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service, will compile (Months 1-3) and maintain (Months 4-36) a database of watershed stakeholders and affected parties for
	use in engaging the public in the watershed planning process. The stakeholder group will be added to
	based upon previous efforts of SLWA. The database and stakeholder group will represent a diverse
	cross section of Upper Llano River landowners, citizens, local businesses, local and regional
	governmental entities and elected officials, state and federal agencies, and environmental and special
	interest groups.
~	Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 58
Subtask 3.2	TTU-LRFS will facilitate public participation and stakeholder involvement in the watershed planning
	process, specifically project meetings and activities. TTU-LRFS will coordinate meetings, secure meeting locations, prepare and disseminate meeting notices and agendas. Meeting summaries will be
	prepared and posted to the project website. It is anticipated that at a minimum, quarterly public meetings
	will be sufficient; however, if more meetings are deemed necessary, they will be scheduled accordingly.
	Meeting frequency may be adjusted throughout the course of the project to accomplish project goals.
	TSSWCB will review and approve all meeting notices, agendas, and meeting summaries prior to public
	dissemination.
	Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 58
Subtask 3.3	TTU-LRFS will attend and participate in other public meetings as appropriate in order to communicate project goals, activities and accomplishments to affected parties. Such meetings may include, but are not
	limited to, city councils, county commissioners' courts, Clean Rivers Program Basin Steering
	Committee and Coordinated Monitoring, local soil and water conservation districts (SWCDs),
	groundwater conservation districts and other appropriate meetings of critical watershed stakeholder
	groups.
	Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 58
Subtask 3.4	TTU-LRFS will facilitate communication with stakeholders in order to engage the public and affected
	entities in the watershed planning process. TTU-LRFS will utilize all appropriate communication mechanisms including direct mail, e-mail, the project website, and mass media (print, radio, television).
	TTU-LRFS will utilize the existing SWLA Google Group to facilitate direct discussion between
	stakeholders. TTU-LRFS will develop, publish, and distribute 5 semi-annual newsletters (1 in year 1
	and 2 in years 2 and 3) that highlight Upper Llano River watershed activities; the newsletter shall be
	distributed as most appropriate to individual landowners and entities in the watershed. TSSWCB must
	approve all project-related content in any educational materials and publications prior to distribution.
9.1. 1.0.5	Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 58
Subtask 3.5	TTU-LRFS will coordinate with SCSC to host a Texas Watershed Steward Program workshop focused
	on the Upper Llano River through TSSWCB project 11-05, Continued Statewide Delivery of the Texas Watershed Steward Program.
	Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 12
Deliverables	Stakeholder database, updated as needed
	Stakeholder Google Group
	• 5 semi-annual Newsletters, as developed and distributed
	Meeting notices, materials, agendas, attendance lists, and summaries

Tasks, Objec	tives and Schedule	es					
Task 4	GIS Inventory and	d Land Use/Lan	d Cover Analysis				
Costs	Federal	\$54,000	Non-Federal	\$36,000	Total	\$90,000	
Objective	To develop a com	prehensive GIS	inventory of the w	atershed. To classif	fy current land u	se for the	
	_			mage classification	schemes and wh	nere needed	
			rial photos of the a				
Subtask 4.1				ocal agencies and st			
				iver watershed. This			
				tion, soils, stream n			
				ry or aerial photogra terbodies, floodwat			
		•	•	Fs, CAFOs and MS	•		
				ewage sludge and s			
				luded. The cumulat			
				icultural lands shou			
	will provide water	shed maps for s	stakeholder meetin	gs as needed.			
	Start Date		Month 4	Completion D		Month 21	
Subtask 4.2				based image (2006-			
			tizing" of the 2006	-2010 NAIP aerial _J	photos of the wa	tershed using	
	ESRI's ArcGIS 9.	x software.					
	TAMILOGI: 11:14/: 1-14						
	TAMU-SSL will identify individual LULC classes and delineate them in shapefile or ArcGIS grid						
	format with a minimum mapping unit of 2 ac on screen. LULC classes will be comparable to NLCD.						
	TAMU-SSL will	verify LULC cla	assification through	n field sampling and	d ground truthing	g information to	
				s used in the field s			
				with an accuracy o			
	Start Date		Month 4	Completion D		Month 21	
Subtask 4.3				LC update to the T			
		TAMU-SSL wi		U-LRFS needed ma			
	Start Date		Month 4	Completion D	ate	Month 21	
Deliverables	^		ry of watershed				
			hapefile or ArcGIS	•			
	 Assorted maj 	Assorted maps of watershed, as needed by Project Partners					

Objective To provide sufficient data to characterize current water quality and biological conditions throu Upper Llano River watershed. Subtask 5.1 TTU-LRFS will conduct routine ambient monitoring at 14 mainstem sites and tributaries quar collecting field parameters, conventional parameters, and flow. The QAPP, as detailed in Task precisely identify sites. The sampling period extends over 30 months. The number of samples	518,500					
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Upper Llano River watershed. Subtask 5.1 TTU-LRFS will conduct routine ambient monitoring at 14 mainstem sites and tributaries quar collecting field parameters, conventional parameters, and flow. The QAPP, as detailed in Task precisely identify sites. The sampling period extends over 30 months. The number of samples						
collecting field parameters, conventional parameters, and flow. The QAPP, as detailed in Task precisely identify sites. The sampling period extends over 30 months. The number of samples	ighout the					
	TTU-LRFS will conduct routine ambient monitoring at 14 mainstem sites and tributaries quarterly, collecting field parameters, conventional parameters, and flow. The QAPP, as detailed in Task 2, will precisely identify sites. The sampling period extends over 30 months. The number of samples planned for collection through this subtask is 140. Currently, routine ambient monitoring is conducted quarterly at 2 stations by LCRA and TCEQ (16701 and 17425) through the Clean Rivers Program. Sampling will be coordinated with these entities to prevent duplication of efforts and ensure comparability.					
Field parameters measured will include pH, temperature, conductivity, and dissolved oxygen. Conventional parameters measured will include total suspended solids, turbidity, sulfate, chloroitrate nitrogen, ammonia nitrogen, total kjeldahl nitrogen, chlorophyll a, pheophytin, total hat total phosphorus and <i>E. coli</i> (enumerated using USEPA Method 1603). The Edwards Aquifer & Data Center at Texas State University, a NELAC accredited laboratory, will conduct sample provide all containers and chain of custody.	Conventional parameters measured will include total suspended solids, turbidity, sulfate, chloride, nitrate nitrogen, ammonia nitrogen, total kjeldahl nitrogen, chlorophyll a, pheophytin, total hardness, total phosphorus and <i>E. coli</i> (enumerated using USEPA Method 1603). The Edwards Aquifer Research & Data Center at Texas State University, a NELAC accredited laboratory, will conduct sample analysis,					
Start Date Month 7 Completion Date Month						
locations twice a year for 2 years to assess the cumulative impact of pollutant loading on strea and biological communities of stream health. Biotic conditions and assessments for main stem lower portions of the watersheds are just beginning as part of the Guadalupe Bass Restoration	TTU-LRFS will conduct biological monitoring (fish, macroinvertebrate, and habitat assessment) at 14 locations twice a year for 2 years to assess the cumulative impact of pollutant loading on stream health and biological communities of stream health. Biotic conditions and assessments for main stem and lower portions of the watersheds are just beginning as part of the Guadalupe Bass Restoration Project for the South Llano River with TPWD in conjunction with TTU-LRFS and Texas State University.					
Subtask 5.3 TTU-LRFS will conduct spring sampling at 6 sites including 700 Springs, Big Paint and Tann						
Springs. TTU-LRFS will work with Kimble County Groundwater Conservation District to ide priority springs. Quarterly field, conventional, and flow parameters will be collected. Water que parameters to be measured are defined in Subtask 5.1. The QAPP, as detailed in Task 2, will pridentify sites. The sampling period extends over 30 months. The number of samples planned for collection through this subtask is 60. The Edwards Aquifer Research & Data Center, a NELAG Accredited Laboratory, will conduct sample analysis and provide all containers and chain of containers. Start Date Month 7 Completion Date Month	entify other uality precisely for C eustody.					
Subtask 5.4 TTU-LRFS will conduct surveys and map distribution and abundance of invasive emergent ar plants from the headwaters (Llano Springs, 700 Springs, South Llano River and North Llano I Junction. TTU-LRFS and ESSM will work with the TPWD Aquatic Habitat Enhancement Pro Director to determine BMPs for controlling or eradicating invasive species and develop an invaspecies management plan for incorporation into the WPP.	River) to ogram					
Start Date Month 7 Completion Date Month	n 24					
Subtask 5.5 TTU-LRFS will conduct surveys and map the distribution, abundance, and severity of cut and banks on the South and North Llano Rivers. Start Date Month 7 Completion Date Month	-					
Subtask 5.6 TTU-LRFS will conduct a historical data review for the waterbody, to be included in the WPF						
to assess and characterize trends and variability in water quality. Historical data collection action concentrate on 1) ambient water quality data (including groundwater); 2) stream flow and wat data; 3) precipitation records; and 4) biological data. U.S. Geological Survey, National Weath TPWD, Texas Water Development Board, GCDs, LCRA, TCEQ, EPA and others will be questional.	ivities will ter level ter Service,					
data related to the study area. Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Mont	th 6					

Subtask 5.7			PS Pollution Management .					
	install and operate one new real-time streamflow gage at an appropriate location on the South Llano							
	River as near the outlet of the assessment unit as is practical. Through this project, and contingent upon							
	1 3		USGS to provide operation					
			npling extends over 36 mon					
	will complement the exist	ing gages maintained by th	ne USGS. The USGS maint	ains real-time gages at				
			North Llano River near Jun					
			rings near Telegraph and 08					
	C I		SGS to ensure continued op	peration of these other				
	USGS gages throughout the	1 0						
	Start Date	Month 1	Completion Date	Month 58				
Subtask 5.8			ities in Subtask 5.1-5.3 and					
			Data will be transferred in t					
			a Summary, as described in					
	of TCEQ Surface Water Q	Quality Monitoring Data M	lanagement Reference Guid	le.				
		_	EQ, as needed, to obtain TC	~				
			egime, as detailed in the Qa					
		•	tted to TSSWCB whenever					
	• 1	•	a Summary, and Data Corre	•				
	_	•	t monitoring data from acti	vities in Task 5 to the				
	project website in a timely			7. 1. 7.0				
~	Start Date	Month 7	Completion Date	Month 58				
Subtask 5.9		•	ate the watershed assessme	nt findings in the WPP				
	developed through Task 8			76 1 20				
	Start Date	Month 24	Completion Date	Month 30				
Deliverables		uest Forms (as needed) in						
		Monitoring data files and Data Summary in electronic format						
	Data Correction Request Forms (as needed) in electronic format							
	•	ates posted to the project w						
	 Aquatic invasive specific 	cies and cut/eroding banks	distribution					
	 Invasive species man 		require in the species and out of our significants					

Tasks, Object	jectives and Schedules							
Task 6	Modeling and Da	ıta Analys	sis					
Costs	Federal	\$102,0	000	Non-Federal	\$68,000	Tota	al	\$170,000
Objective					commended meas	ures to acl	hieve en	vironmental
	goals established							
Subtask 6.1					will evaluate mod			
					atershed scales and			
					ge. TTU-WRC wi			
					lected by TTU-W			
			•		APP (Task 2). TTV			
	,	-	•	•	watershed, includi	_		
	_	ditions, as	well as	recent land use a	nd vegetation distr	ibutions g	generated	d through Tasks
	4-5.		_			_		
	Start Date			Month 13	Completion I			Month 58
Subtask 6.2					ignosis Decision I			
					ertebrate data. CA			
					es of detrimental of			
					pports defensible			
		•	nd stress	or-response relati	onships for variou	s stressors	s in orde	er to draw
	appropriate conc					_		1.70
~	Start Date			Month 13	Completion 1			Month 58
Subtask 6.3		•			will summarize m	_	_	
	stakeholders about the physical behavior of their watershed resulting from various implementation							
		_			ate this into the W			
	Start Date			Month 28	Completion 1		l	Month 58
Deliverables	 Incorporation 	n of the re	esults of	modeling analyse	es and CADDIS in	to WPP		

Tasks, Objec	ives and Schedules	
Task 7	Public Outreach and Education	
Costs	Federal \$45,000 Non-Federal \$30,000 Total \$75,000	
Objective	To provide Landowner/Stakeholder Training Workshops on riparian protection, land stewardship, grazing management, invasive species, brush control, conservation, wildlife and habitat plans and watersource issues. To deliver a water and watershed K-12 Texas Essential Knowledge Skills based curriculum at the TTU-LRFS's Outdoor School	er
Subtask 7.1	ESSM, in conjunction with the TTU-LRFS, TTU-WRC, and SLWA will provide watershed training workshops for landowners on riparian protection, land stewardship, grazing management, invasive species, brush control, conservation, wildlife and habitat plans and water resource issues. Two workshops per year are planned to provide adequate coverage of the broad range of elements associate with water and watersheds and to allow a broad coverage of stakeholder groups. Pre- and post-participant surveys will be administered at selected events to evaluate (1) changes in producer knowledge and awareness and (2) expected adoption of BMPs. Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 58	ed
Subtask 7.2	TTU-LRFS will develop and offer a K-12 TEKS based water and watershed curriculum unit. Students we understand the concepts of river basins and watersheds and be able to identify their river basin and loc watershed. It is anticipated that about 90 ISDS and 7,500 K-12 students and teachers will receive watershed education and training over the 3 years of the project. TTU-LRFS expand existing curriculus developed by the LRFS Outdoor School (http://www.depts.ttu.edu/hillcountry/OLC/index.php), an award winning, Texas High School Project recognized Exemplar Program. This program is a STEM N Child Left Behind standards-based transdisciplinary, inquiry-based, innovative curriculum that incorporates multiple best learning practices to improve instruction for at-risk students and provide training for teachers. The Outdoor School incorporates GLOBE (Global Learning and Observations to Benefit the Environment, http://globe.gov/) training and protocols into the STEM curricular units. GLOBE is a federal K-12 environmental education program instituted by NASA, NOAA, and NSF. For this new curriculum unit we will use GLOBE Watershed Dynamics to enable students to investigate their own watershed in order to understand the flow of water through the watershed, how human activities within the watershed both depend on and impact its hydrology, and how land use changes ca affect the plant and animal communities in the watershed. TTU-LRFS Outdoor School will also work with the TWDB Conservation Education Specialist to implement Major Rivers: A Texas Water Education Program. The curricular resources to develop this unit are free from GLOBE and TWDB.	eal um No or
Subtask 7.3	Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 58 TTU-LRFS will organize a Texas Water Symposium (http://www.schreiner.edu/water/index.htm) in partnership with Texas Public Radio, Schreiner University, Hill Country Alliance, SLWA, and TWRI on EPA's Healthy Watersheds Initiative with this project as a case study for Texas. The Symposium w be held at TTU- LRFS in front of a live audience and taped for broadcast during Texas Public Radio's Newsmaker Hour. TWS will include panelists from key stakeholder groups and cover the importance, process and benefits of WPPs. Start Date Month 24 Completion Date Month 58	vill
Deliverables	 Agendas, attendance lists, and materials for workshops and trainings News releases or other promotional materials, as developed and disseminated Advanced education and training components Number of ISDs and students receiving watershed curriculum education Texas Water Symposium live public event and Texas Public Radio Broadcast and archive Results from pre and post evaluation surveys conducted at selected meetings 	

Tasks, Object	ectives and Schedules							
Task 8	Watershed Protec	tion Plan Develop	ment					
Costs	Federal	\$58,500	Non-Federal	\$41,750	Total	\$100,250		
Objective	TTU-LRFS will	facilitate the deve	lopment of a WPI	of for the Upper Lla	ano River watersh	ned through a		
				ne nine elements fu		otentially		
				Healthy Watershed				
Subtask 8.1				vill develop a WPP				
				ectations of the nine				
		L.		onpoint Source Pro	0	U		
				ctober 23, 2003)] au				
				n the technical guid P shall be founded				
				ncorporate finding				
				proval of the WPP.		SKS 4-7. 110-		
	Start Date	_	Month 1	Completion I		Month 58		
Subtask 8.2	TTU-LRFS will	develop an "exec	utive summary" st	yle document, bas		which will serve		
				plementation of the				
	sustainability.	_				-		
	Start Date	;	Month 34	Completion I	Date	Month 58		
Subtask 8.3	After EPA has completed a satisfactory nine element consistency review of the WPP, TWRI will							
	publish, print, and distribute to stakeholders the WPP and "executive summary" style document.							
		Start Date Month 36 Completion Date Month 58						
Deliverables		Draft nine element WPP to TSSWCB (Month 32)						
				to EPA (Month 36				
	• "Executive	Summary" style p	oublic outreach do	cument based on V	WPP			

Project Goals (Expand from Summary Page)

Implement EPA's Healthy Watersheds Initiative by developing a nine element WPP for the Upper Llano River watershed through:

- Empowering local stakeholders to take leadership roles involving community and watershed level water resource issues
- Characterizing current water quality and biological conditions
- Analyzing watershed data using models to provide indicators of health of the river and its watershed and allow impact and assessment of flow rates, spring flows, and groundwater levels associated with invasive vegetation
- Development of a WPP to guide watershed implementation efforts aimed at preserving the Upper Llano for future generations
- Increasing education among students, teachers, citizens and stakeholders to build awareness, understanding and appreciation of the structure and function of watersheds, sources that impact water quality, potential impairments, conservation and proactive management and protection strategies.

Measures of Success (Expand from Summary Page)

- Coordination and engagement of watershed stakeholders via the SLWA; this existing group will provide local stakeholders a platform for decision making regarding management of the Upper Llano watershed
- Completed GIS and LULC update of the watershed: this information will provide the most up-to-date source of
 watershed characteristics to be utilized in watershed modeling, assessment of needed management strategies and
 WPP development
- Collection and analysis of quality assured data for watershed assessment
- Completed modeling of the watershed to be used to develop management strategies and aid in identifying key areas in the watershed where management should be focused
- Stakeholder-approved WPP that satisfies EPA's nine elements; the WPP will outline the voluntary management approach desired by Upper Llano River watershed landowners and stakeholders
- Effective delivery of educational programs as indicated by the number of landowners, citizens, and other stakeholders participating in workshops; numbers of ISDs and students receiving water and watershed curriculum; numbers of citizens participating in TWS; and increased knowledge and understanding of watershed management by students, stakeholders and individuals participating in the program, as measured by surveys and/or pre/post evaluations.

2005 Texas Nonpoint Source Management Program Reference (Expand from Summary Page)

Goals and/or Milestone(s)

Element One – Explicit short- and long-term goals, objectives and strategies that protect surface and groundwater. LTG Objectives

- 2 Support the implementation of state, regional and local programs to prevent NPS pollution through assessment... and education.
- 5 Develop partnerships, relationships... to facilitate collective, cooperative approaches to manage NPS pollution.
- 6 Increase overall public awareness of NPS issues and prevention activities.
- 7 Enhance public participation and outreach by providing forums for citizens and industry to contribute their ideas and concerns about the water quality management process.

Short-term Goals

Goal One – Data Collection and Assessment: target CWA §319(h) grant funds toward water quality assessment activities in high priority, watersheds, vulnerable...aquifers, or areas where additional information is needed.

- Objective B Conduct special studies to ... gain information to target ... BMP implementation activities.
- Objective C Develop and adopt at the state level, ... WPPs ...

Goal Three – Education: Conduct education... activities to help increase awareness of NPS pollution and prevent activities contributing to the degradation of waterbodies, including aquifers....

- Objective A Enhance existing outreach programs at the state, regional, and local levels to maximize the effectiveness of NPS education.
- Objective B Administer programs to educate citizens about water quality and their potential role in causing NPS pollution.
- Objective D Conduct outreach through CRP, Extension, SWCDs and others to facilitate broader participation and partnerships [that] enable stakeholders and the public to participate in decision-making and provide a more complete understanding of water quality issues and how they relate to each citizen.

Element Two – Working partnerships and linkages with appropriate state, ... regional, and local entities, private sector groups and Federal agencies.

Element Five – The state...identifies important unimpaired waters that are threatened or otherwise at risk. Further, the state establishes a process to progressively address these identified waters by conducting more detailed watershed assessments and developing watershed implementation plans...

Part III – Financial Information

Budget Summary									
Federal	\$	666,167		% of total project		60%			
Non-Federal	\$	447,	239	% of 1	total proje	ct (≥ 40%)		40%	
Total	\$	1,113,	406		Total	,		100%	
Category			Federal			Non-Federal		Total	
Personnel		\$	83,03	31	\$	53,784	\$	136,815	
Fringe Benefits		\$	\$ 16,910		\$	14,086	\$	30,996	
Travel		\$	\$ 6,707		\$	0	\$	6,707	
Equipment	Equipment		\$ 0		\$	0	\$	0	
Supplies		\$	1,43	37	\$	0	\$	1,437	
Contractual		\$	519,05	3	\$	346,085	\$	865,138	
Construction	Construction			0	\$	0	\$	0	
Other		\$	17,07	'3	\$	0	\$	17,073	
Total Direct Costs		\$	644,21	.1	\$	413,955	\$	1,058,166	
Indirect Costs (15%)		\$	21,95	66	\$	17,646	\$	39,602	
Unrecovered IDC		\$		0	\$	15,638	\$	15,638	
Total Project Costs		\$	666,16	57	\$	447,239	\$	1,113,406	

Budget Justifica	tion (Federal)	
Category	Total Amount	Justification
Personnel	\$ 83,031	• TWRI Project Manager (18% effort in years 1-4, 15% in year 5)
		• SSL Technician (18% effort in yrs 2-3)
		• SSL Student Workers (\$10/hour in year 2)
Fringe Benefits	\$ 16,910	17.1% of personnel plus group health of \$526/month prorated per FTE
		9.9% of salary for students
Travel	\$ 6,707	• TWRI @ \$1,175/yr in yrs 1-3, \$1,174 in yr 4 for travel to Junction ~3
		times annually (\$300/trip) and Temple 5 trips/yr (\$55/trip)
		• ESSM @ \$296/yr for travel to College Station annually (\$250/trip) and
		meetings/programs in watershed (\$46/annually)
		• SSL @ \$412/yr in yrs 1-2 for travel from College Station to watershed ~3
		times/year to collect ground truthing data
Equipment	\$ 0	NA
Supplies	\$ 1,437	• TWRI Supplies @ \$34 in yr 2 for fuel for rental vehicle
		• SSL Supplies @ \$678/yr in yrs. 1-2 for general office supplies (paper,
		printing supplies, and memory backup devices)
		• ESSM Supplies @ \$47 in yr 4 for general project supplies
Contractual	\$ 519,053	• Texas Tech (TTU) @ \$519,053 total for years 1-4
Construction	\$ 0	NA
Other	\$ 17,073	• ESSM educational publications on riparian protection, land stewardship,
		grazing management, invasive species control, brush control, natural
		resource conservation, wildlife and habitat plans, and water resource
		issues for distribution as appropriate at 2 workshops in year 4 (\$211)
		• SSL: 2006-2010 NAIP aerial photos of Llano watershed; ESRI ArcGIS 9.x
		software license; and other data/images/software in yr 1 (\$658); server to
		store photos and data/images (\$3,864)
		• Printing WPPs in year 4 (\$7,500)
Y 11	A 21.05 5	• SLWA @ \$1,210/yr for website maintenance in yrs 1-4
Indirect	\$ 21,956	15% of Total Direct Federal minus Contractual >\$25,000

Budget Justificat	tion (No	on-Federal)	
Category	Total	Amount	Justification
Personnel	\$	53,784	• TWRI Assoc Director (7.5% effort/yr)
			• ESSM Prof & Ext. Range Spec. (2.65% effort/yr in yrs 1-3)
			• SSL Systems Analyst (19% effort/yr in yrs 1-2)
Fringe Benefits	\$	14,086	17.1% of personnel plus group health of \$526/month prorated per FTE
Travel	\$	0	NA
Equipment	\$	0	NA
Supplies	\$	0	NA
Contractual	\$	346,085	Texas Tech (TTU) @ \$346,085 total for years 1-4
Construction	\$	0	NA
Other	\$	0	NA
Indirect	\$	17,646	26% of Total Direct Non-Federal Costs minus Contractual >\$25,000
Unrecovered IDC	\$	15,638	11% of Total Direct Federal minus Contractual >\$25,000 per contract

Contractual Bud	get Justification (Federal) – TTU
Category	Total Amount	Justification
Personnel	\$ 235,809	• Director, LRFS (8% effort/yr in yrs 1-4)
		• Director, WRC (4.2% effort/yr in yrs 2-3)
		• WRC Grad Student (100% effort in yrs 2-3)
		• LRFS Post-doc (100% effort/yr in yrs 1-3)
		• LRFS Research Associate (100% effort in yr 4)
		• Student Worker (20 hrs per week in yrs 1-4)
Fringe Benefits	\$ 69,222	 18% of personnel (Directors, Post-doc and Research Associate) plus \$611/mo faculty insurance rate prorated per FTE (in yrs 2-3, assumed 10% increase in insurance costs annually) 1% of personnel (graduate students) rate plus \$328/mo graduate student insurance rate prorated per FTE
		1% of personnel (student worker)
Travel	\$ 20,128	 3 days for each of 10 quarterly sample dates @ 250 miles/day @ \$.51/mile to collect water quality, fish and macroinvertebrate samples. Monthly travel for TTU–WRC team to travel to Junction (550 mile RT). Miscellaneous travel for field reconnaissance sites, mapping activities, invasive species mapping, inventory and management. Other travel by project team members to appropriate meetings of critical watershed stakeholder groups, planning sessions, etc. In years 2 & 3 travel for 4 members of TTU Project Team to attend a regional/national conference to present results of project
Equipment	\$ 0	NA
Supplies	\$ 12,300	General field collecting equipment, nets, vials, preservatives, storage, office supplies, sample containers, sensors, stage gages, newsletters and publication costs of materials and papers submitted to journals, long distance phone charges, postage and FedEx charges
Contractual	\$ 68,000	KS2 Ecological Services
Construction	\$ 0	NA
Other	\$ 51,500	NELAC certified lab analysis (\$10,375/yr in yrs 1-2 and \$20,750 in yr 3, \$10,000 in yr 4)
Indirect	\$ 62,094	15% of Total Direct Federal minus Contractual except first \$25,000

Contractual Bud	get Justifi	cation (No	n-Federal) – TTU
Category	Total An	nount	Justification
Personnel	\$ 1	13,155	 Director, LRFS (6.25% in yr 1, 6.08% in yr 2, 5.08% in yr 3, 1.42% in yr 4) Director, WRC (4.2% effort in yrs 1-4) LRFS Doctoral student (100% effort in yrs 1-4)
Fringe Benefits	\$	20,390	 18% of personnel (Directors) plus \$611/mo faculty insurance rate prorated per FTE (in yrs 2-4, assumed 10% increase in insurance costs annually) 1% of personnel (doctoral student) rate plus \$328/mo graduate student insurance rate prorated per FTE (in yrs 2-4, assumed 10% increase in insurance costs annually)
Travel	\$	0	
Equipment	\$	0	
Supplies	\$	0	
Contractual	\$	0	
Construction	\$	0	
Other	\$	17,307	Tuition and Fees for LRFS Doctoral student for yrs 1-4
Indirect	\$	62,766	47% of Total Direct Non-Federal Costs
Unrecovered IDC	\$ 1	32,467	32% of Total Direct Federal minus Contractual except first \$25,000